MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3 Town of Erie, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3's internal control.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Broomfield, Colorado April 18, 2023

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 overnmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,126,926
Restricted Cash and Investments	3,792,058
Property Taxes Receivable	766,113
Due from Other Governments	1,314
Construction in Progress	2,221,187
Total Assets	7,907,598
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	302,101
Retention Payable	107,579
Accrued Interest	62,688
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due in More Than One Year:	
Series 2021A Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds	20,030,000
Series 2021A Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Premium	225,049
Series 2021B Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds	5,850,000
Series 2021C Junior Lien General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds	3,111,379
Accrued Interest	369,283
Total Liabilities	30,058,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	 766,113
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	766,113
NET POSITION	
Restricted for TABOR	4,264
Unrestricted	 (22,920,858)
Total Net Position	\$ (22,916,594)

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Functions/Programs	<u>E</u>	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Prog Reve Chargo Servi	nue es for	(Exp C Ne Gov	t Revenue pense) and hange in et Position vernmental
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
General Government	\$	66,039	\$	_	\$	(66,039)
Public Works	,	18,619,481	*	-	-	18,619,481)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		1,160,614		-	`	(1,160,614)
·	\$	19,846,134	\$	-	(19,846,134)
	Pr Sp Int	NERAL REVENT Toperty Taxes Decific Owners Tergovernment Metropolitan Det Total General	hip Taxes al - Morgar District No. ncome	1		312,086 18,471 1,985,569 123,657 2,439,783
	CHA	ANGE IN NET	POSITION		(17,406,351)
	Net	Position - Beg	inning of Ye	ear		(5,510,243)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YI	EAR	\$ (2	22.916.594)

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments Restricted Cash and Investments Property Tax Receivable Due from Other Governments	\$	1,126,926 3,792,058 766,113 1,314
Total Assets	\$	5,686,411
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE		
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Retention Payable Total Liabilities	\$	302,101 107,579 409,680
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property Tax Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		766,113 766,113
FUND BALANCE Restricted for: TABOR Debt Service Capital Projects Unassigned Total Fund Balance	_	4,264 2,893,663 501,375 1,111,316 4,510,618
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	5,686,411

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 4,510,618
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet. Construction in Progress	2,221,187
Accrued interest payable is recognized for governmental activities, therefore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund.	(431,971)
Some liabilities are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet.	
Series 2021A Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds	(20,030,000)
Series 2021A Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds Premium	(225,049)
Series 2021B Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds	(5,850,000)
Series 2021C Junior Lien General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds	(3,111,379) (29,216,428)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (22,916,594)

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General Fund
REVENUES	
Property Tax Income	\$ 312,086
Specific Ownership Taxes	18,471
Intergovernmental - Morgan Hill	
Metropolitan District No. 1	1,985,569
Net Investment Income	123,657
Total Revenues	2,439,783
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Audit	12,390
Accounting	26,811
Treasurer's Fee	4,681
Insurance	2,177
Letter of Credit	12,654
Miscellaneous	7,326
Debt Service:	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	891,502
Loan Origination Fees	7,000
Capital Outlay	 14,440,723
Total Expenditures	 15,405,264
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUE UNDER EXPENDITURES	(12,965,481)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Proceeds from Debt Issuance	 3,061,378
Total Other Financing Sources	 3,061,378
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	(9,904,103)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	14,414,721
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,510,618

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ (9,904,103)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental fund reports capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government activities, those capital outlays other than noncapitalizable items are shown in the statement of activities at cost. Capital Outlay	14,440,723
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental fund, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Proceeds from Debt Issuance	(3,061,378)
An increase in accrued interest does not have any impact on governmental fund expenditures. This transaction, however, does increase the amount of interest expense on the statement of activities. Accrued Interest	(273,386)
The premium on the issuance of bonds is amortized over the life of the bonds. Current year amortization of the premium on bonds of \$11,274 is reported as a reduction of interest expense on the statement of activities.	11,274
Transfers of capital improvements to other entities decrease net position in the statement of activities. This transaction is not reported in the governmental fund as it is not a current use of financial resources.	(18,619,481)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (17,406,351)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in Weld County on January 20, 2009, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District operates under a Consolidated Service Plan with Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1), Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 2 (District No. 2), and Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3 (District) approved by the Town of Erie on August 25, 2008. Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District, the financing district, is intended to provide funding to District No. 1, the operating district, for construction, operation, and maintenance of the public improvements. The operating district is responsible for day-to-day operations and administrative management of all three of the Districts and management of district improvements.

The District was established to provide financing for the design, acquisition, construction, and completion of public improvements, including streets, traffic and safety controls and devices, transportation services, park and recreation, water, mosquito and pest control and sanitation facilities, generally located in the collector roadway system, services and programs. The operation and maintenance of all other services and facilities is anticipated to be provided by other entities and not by the District.

The District has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including District No. 1, District No. 2, and the Town of Erie.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial resources of the District. The difference between the assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Increases in bonds payable are recorded as an increase in liabilities.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major revenue source susceptible to accrual is property taxes. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The adopted budgets for the General Fund and Debt Service fund have been consolidated and reflected as the General Fund Budget for financial reporting purposes.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal instalments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally, sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Net position is reported in the governmental activities and is classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restrictions of net position represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted. As of December 31, 2022, fund balances of governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not spendable in form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. This includes amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, prepaid amounts.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance and Net Position (Continued)

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District in its budget process. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the District's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit.

Restricted Fund Balance

Emergency reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the state of Colorado. In compliance with this requirement, \$4,264 of the General Fund balance has been restricted.

The District has a balance of \$898,395 in cash held in escrow, which is considered restricted fund balance for capital projects reduced by the amount of accounts payable that is related to capital projects and retention payable for a total restricted balance of \$501,375.

The District has \$2,893,663 which is considered restricted fund balance for debt service.

The District's order of fund balance spending policy is to apply expenditures against restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance. The District reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned fund balance.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

Cash Deposits	\$ 1,115,620
Restricted Cash Held in Escrow	898,395
Investments	11,306
Restricted Investments	2,893,663
Total Cash	\$ 4,918,984

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The fair value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposits (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$2,014,015.

<u>Investments</u>

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, it follows state statutes regarding investments. The District also follows investment policies in bond or note agreements when those agreements are more restrictive than state statutes. The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk; minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party. Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and World Bank securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds *
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools *
- Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- Certain corporate bonds
- Certain securities lending agreements

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less depending on the specific investment held unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements. Revenue bonds of U.S. local government, corporate and bank securities and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds are limited to maturities of three years or less.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amortized Cost
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust *	Less than One Year	\$ 11,306
Money Market Fund - CSAFE *	Less than One Year	2,893,663
		\$ 2,904,969

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, the District had \$11,306 invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust, an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust is rated AAAmmf by Fitch Ratings and is valued at amortized cost. Based on the valuation method, additional disclosures are not required under GASB Statement No. 72.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had \$2,893,663 invested in CSAFE Money Market Funds. The investment is rated AAAmmf by Fitch Ratings and is valued at amortized cost. Based on the valuation method, additional disclosures are not required under GASB Statement No. 72.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District's long-term obligations consist of the following for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance at January 1, 2022	Additions	R	eductions	Balance at December 31, 2022	(Due Within Dne Year
Limited Tax General Obligation							
Bonds - Series 2021A	\$ 20,030,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 20,030,000	\$	-
Limited Tax General Obligation							
Bonds - Series 2021A Premium	236,323	-		11,274	225,049		-
Limited Tax General Obligation							
Bonds - Series 2021B	5,850,000	-		-	5,850,000		-
Junior Lien General Obligation							
Limited Tax Bond - Series 2021C	50,001	3,061,378		-	3,111,379		-
Accrued Interest - Series 2021B	51,797	392,944		95,372	349,369		
Accrued Interest - Series 2021C	219	19,695			19,914		
Total Long-Term		 					
Obligations	\$ 26,218,340	\$ 3,474,017	\$	106,646	\$ 29,585,711	\$	-

<u>Series 2021A and 2021B Senior and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds</u>

On November 10, 2021, the District issued \$20,030,000 of senior and \$5,850,000 of subordinate general obligation limited tax bonds. The bonds were issued for the purpose of paying and discharging the Series 2018A Bonds and Series 2018B Note, funding the costs of public improvements for the benefit of the District and Morgan Hill Metropolitan District Nos. 1 and 2, paying the costs of issuing the bonds, and in the case of the Series 2021A Senior Bonds only, funding a portion of the initial interest to accrue on the Series 2021A Senior Bonds and funding a reserve fund for the Series 2021A Senior Bonds.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Series 2021A and 2021B Senior and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds (Continued)</u>

The Series 2021A Senior Bonds bear a coupon interest rate of 3% to 4% per annum, which is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, commencing on June 1, 2022. The Series 2021A Senior Bonds will mature on December 1, 2051, subject to both mandatory sinking fund redemption and optional redemption prior to maturity. The Series 2021A Senior Bonds will constitute limited tax general obligations of the District payable solely from the Senior Pledged Revenue and certain funds and accounts established by the Senior Indenture. The Senior Pledged Revenue consists of revenue derived from the Capital Pledge Agreement, senior property tax revenues, senior specific ownership tax revenues, and other available moneys. The Series 2021A Seniors Bonds constitute an irrevocable, but nonexclusive, first lien on the Senior Pledged Revenue. The District made \$796,130 of interest payments in 2022, and incurred \$752,249 of interest expense on the 2021A Bonds during the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds bear a coupon interest rate of 6.375% per annum which is payable annually on December 15, commencing December 15, 2022, to the extent of the Subordinate Pledged Revenue available. The 2021B Subordinate Bonds mature on December 15, 2051, subject to mandatory redemption and optional redemption prior to maturity. The Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds will also constitute limited tax general obligations of the District payable solely from the Subordinate Pledged Revenue and certain funds and accounts established by the Subordinate Indenture. The Subordinate Pledged Revenue consists of revenue derived from the capital pledge agreement, subordinate property tax revenues, subordinate specific ownership tax revenues, and other available moneys, all after the application of such amounts due on the Series 2021A Senior Bonds. The Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds are structured as "cash flow" bonds. There are no scheduled payments of principal of the Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds prior to their maturity date, but rather the Subordinate Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption on each December 15 prior to maturity from and to the extent of any available Subordinate Pledged Revenue. The Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds will be deemed paid in full and discharged on December 15, 2051, regardless of the amount of principal and interest paid on the Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds prior to such date. The District made \$95,372 of interest payments in 2022, and incurred \$392,944 of interest expense on the 2021B Bonds during the year ended December 31, 2022.

On November 1, 2021, the District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement with Morgan Hill Metropolitan Districts No. 1 and No. 2 (the Pledged Districts) to support payment of the Bonds. The Districts are obligated to levy ad valorem property taxes in the amount of 50 mills and to pay such taxes and the specific ownership taxes attributable thereto. The obligation of the Pledge Districts to pay its allocated portion of the Annual Bond Costs constitutes a limited tax general obligation of the Pledge Districts payable solely from and to the extent of the Pledged Revenues.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Series 2021A and 2021B Senior and Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds (Continued)</u>

The Series 2021A Senior Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 752,250	\$ 752,250
2024	-	752,250	752,250
2025	20,000	752,250	772,250
2026	220,000	751,650	971,650
2027	285,000	745,050	1,030,050
2028-2032	1,865,000	3,578,850	5,443,850
2033-2037	2,630,000	3,220,025	5,850,025
2038-2042	3,640,000	2,692,225	6,332,225
2043-2047	4,900,000	1,905,400	6,805,400
2048-2051	6,470,000	742,800	7,212,800
Total	\$ 20,030,000	\$ 15,892,750	\$ 35,922,750

PRIVATE PLACEMENT LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Series 2021C Junior Lien General Obligation Limited Tax Bond

On December 9, 2021, the District issued a Series 2021C Junior Lien General Obligation Limited Tax Bond, which is one of a series aggregating a maximum of \$5,000,000 par value. The Bond bears an interest rate of 7.50%. The 2021C Bond matures on December 15, 2051. The Bond constitutes a junior lien general obligation (limited tax) of the District. All of the Bond, including the interest, is payable solely from and to the extent of the Junior Lien Pledged Revenue, and the Junior Lien Pledged Revenue is pledged to the payment of the Bond. The 2021C Bond constitutes an irrevocable, but nonexclusive, lien upon the Junior Lien Pledged Revenue.

The Series 2021C Bond is a draw-down Bond. The Bond is issued in an authorized denomination equal to the principal amount of this Bond as of any given date which shall be equal to the total amount of principal advanced, less any payment of principal on the Bond.

The District incurred \$19,695 of interest expense on the 2021C Bond during the year ended December 31, 2022.

Authorization

The District has been authorized to issue debt in the principal amount not to exceed \$269,000,000 as voted on in November 2008. The voted authorization has been limited by the service plan approved by the Town of Erie. At December 31, 2022, the District had remaining authorized but unissued indebtedness of \$240,008,621.

NOTE 5 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

An analysis of the changes in construction in progress for the year ended December 31, 2022 follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	January 1,			December 31,
	2022	Additions	Reductions	2022
Construction in Progress	\$ 6,399,945	\$ 14,440,723	\$ 18,619,481	\$ 2,221,187

It is the policy of the Town to accept the maintenance responsibility for water, sanitation, traffic and safety controls, park and recreation improvements, mosquito and pest control, transportation, and other related improvements within the Town only after a probationary period following completion of construction. When the improvements enter the probationary period, the District removes the cost of construction from its statement of net position.

On December 20, 2019, Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3 entered into a Relinquishment of Surface Rights Agreement with K.P. Kauffman Company, Inc. regarding specific oil and gas sites operated by KPK. The total consideration to be paid to KPK by the District for KPK's relinquishment, extinguishment, or restriction of its Surface Rights in "Section 7", (Township 1 North, Range 68 West of the PM, County of Weld, state of Colorado) is \$50,000. At the initial closing on January 29, 2020, the District paid \$25,000 of the consideration as a partial payment. The remaining balance of \$25,000 was paid to KPK on April 2, 2020, upon completing the process of plugging the well. The \$50,000 paid to KPK for surface rights was recorded as Construction in Progress in 2020 and will be reclassified to land upon completion of the real property transfer to the District.

During 2022, major conveyances to Town of Erie included public improvement warranty costs associated with Filing 2 in the total amount of \$18,619,481.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY

All of the members of the Board of Directors are employees and are associated with Bellock Construction Company, the Construction Manager and accountants for the District, and CDG Morgan Hill, the Developer within the District. In May 2022, District No. 1 elected a separate Board of Directors from District No. 2 and the District.

Construction Management Agreement

A construction management agreement was entered into during 2009 between District No.1, District No. 2, the District, and Bellock Construction Company. The agreement calls for Bellock Construction Company to provide management services of all activities related to construction projects to be completed within Morgan Hill Metropolitan Districts No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3. The agreement expires on December 31 of each year but is automatically extended for a successive annual period so long as sufficient funds have been appropriated, unless contrary action is taken. The amount paid to Bellock Construction Company during 2022 for construction and construction management was \$429,778.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY (CONTINUED)

Accounting Services Agreement

An accounting services contract was entered into with Bellock Construction Company on April 23, 2009. Under this agreement, accounting services are provided to District No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3 at the hourly annual rates of Bellock Construction Company employees. During 2022, the District incurred \$26,811 in accounting services fees.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND SERVICE AGREEMENT (SERVICE CONTRACT) AND OTHER AGREEMENTS

In order to implement the Service Plan, the District entered into an intergovernmental agreement with District No. 1 and District No. 2. The agreement shall remain in full force and effect until such time as each of the terms and conditions has been performed in their entirety or until the agreement is terminated by mutual written agreement of the Districts.

District No. 1 is to construct the facilities benefiting the three Districts and transfer them to the Town of Erie or homeowners association (HOA). The District and District No. 1 will, to the extent that they benefit, pay the capital costs and the service costs of operation and maintenance of such facilities (authorized service costs).

During 2021, the District entered into a Capital Pledge Agreement with District No. 1 and District No. 2 (the Pledged Districts). The Agreement is related to the issuance of the Series 2021A Senior Bonds and the Series 2021B Subordinate Bonds in the District. The Pledged Districts agree to levy on all of the taxable property of the Pledge Districts, in addition to all other taxes, direct annual taxes in each of the years 2021 (for collection in 2022) to 2050 (for collection in 2051) to the extent necessary to provide for payment of the annual bond costs, in the amount of the required mill levy determined by the District.

The District, District No. 1, and District No. 2 also entered into a Junior Lien Pledge Agreement related to the issuance of the Series 2021C Junior Lien Bond in the District. Under the agreement, District No. 1 and District No. 2 pledge their Junior Lien Required Mill levy upon all taxable property within their boundaries. After withholding the Operations & Maintenance (O&M) carve-out, District No. 1 and District No. 2 pledge their share of bond repayment costs. The O&M carve-out is equal to \$90,000 in 2022, with the amount increasing by 1% annually thereafter.

The District is required to fund, on an annual basis, the amount of actual service costs that it would be capable of funding through property tax revenue plus other fee revenue as determined in the annual budget. If the Districts disagree as to the amount to be paid, then the District must pay District No. 1 the amount set forth in the annual budget.

NOTE 7 DISTRICT FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND SERVICE AGREEMENT (SERVICE CONTRACT) AND OTHER AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Gallagher Amendment, first added to the Colorado Constitution in 1982, required a residential to non-residential property tax ratio of 45% to 55% and required the state legislature to adjust the residential assessment rate to maintain the required ratio. During fiscal year 2017, the Colorado legislature reduced the residential assessment ratio from 7.96% to 7.20% causing the property tax mill rate for general obligation bonds and service costs to increase from 50 mills to 55.275 mills. The residential assessment ratio decreased to 7.15% in 2019 causing the mills to increase to 55.663 for taxes to be collected in 2020. During fiscal year 2020, the Gallagher Amendment was repealed. While the residential assessment rate is set in statute at 7.15%, the Colorado legislature approved a temporary reduction to 6.765% for the 2023 and 2024 tax years.

Warranty of Public Improvements

In 2020, CDG Morgan Hill, Inc. entered into a Development Agreement with the Town of Erie. As part of the agreement, CDG Morgan Hill, Inc. on behalf of the District, was required to enter into an Improvement Guarantee (Guarantee) for a period of time sufficient to cover the completion of the public improvements. If CDG Morgan Hill, Inc. is unable to complete the improvements then the Town of Erie has the right to call upon the Guarantee. The Guarantee could be in the form of cash, certified check, or a letter of credit.

On November 5, 2020 CDG Morgan Hill Inc., and the District entered into the agreement for the Filing 2 Improvements. At the date of the agreement the estimated cost to complete and balance of the letter of credit was \$6,031,442. As of December 31, 2022, the estimated cost to complete the remaining improvements is \$3,200,000 and the remaining balance of the letter of credit is \$6,063,176.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool) as of December 31, 2022. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public official's liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability and public official's liability. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool, may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations, which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits will require judicial interpretation.

On November 4, 2008, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all annual District revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

NOTE 10 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

The following intergovernmental revenue and expenses occurred during fiscal year ended December 31, 2022:

	М	Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 1		lorgan Hill etropolitan strict No. 2	Morgan Hill Metropolitan District No. 3		Total Revenues	
Morgan Hill Metropolitan:					, <u> </u>			
District No. 1	\$	-	\$	1,712,231	\$	-	\$	1,712,231
District No. 2		13,768		-		-		13,768
District No. 3		1,985,569		-		-		1,985,569
Total Expenditures	\$	1,999,337	\$	1,712,231	\$	-	\$	3,711,568

NOTE 11 NET POSITION

The net position of the District consists of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position includes net position that is restricted for use either by notes imposed by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The District had a deficit net position at December 31, 2022 of \$22,916,594. This deficit amount is the result of the District being responsible for the repayment of debt issued for public improvements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MORGAN HILL METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 3 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	312,085	\$	312,086	\$	1	
Specific Ownership Taxes		15,604		18,471		2,867	
Intergovernmental - Morgan Hill				4 005 500			
Metropolitan District No. 1		86,887		1,985,569		1,898,682	
Metropolitan District No. 2		1,637,571		400.057		(1,637,571)	
Net Investment Income		- 0.050.447		123,657		123,657	
Total Revenues		2,052,147		2,439,783		387,636	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Audit		_		12,390		(12,390)	
Accounting		_		26,811		(26,811)	
Treasurer's Fee		4,681		4,681		-	
Insurance		, -		2,177		(2,177)	
Letter of Credit		-		12,654		(12,654)	
Miscellaneous		_		7,326		(7,326)	
Capital Outlay		14,254,845		14,440,723		(185,878)	
Debt Service:						,	
Interest		1,453,286		891,502		561,784	
Loan Origination Fees		-		7,000		(7,000)	
Total Expenditures		15,712,812		15,405,264		307,548	
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(*	13,660,665)	(12,965,481)		695,184	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from Debt Issuance		4,000,000		3,061,378		(938,622)	
Total Other Financing Sources		4,000,000		3,061,378		(938,622)	
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES		(9,660,665)		(9,904,103)		(243,438)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		14,782,287		14,414,721		(367,566)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	5,121,622	\$	4,510,618	\$	(611,004)	

